## Did you know?

- Computer software violations are a felony and Missouri educators may lose their certificate if convicted of a felony.
- **No** videotape may be used for entertainment, reward, or time-fillers without obtaining public performance rights.
- "Bounty-hunters" are hired by some companies to identify and report violators of copyright law and guidelines.



- Information found on the Internet is copyrighted unless accompanied by a message explicitly permitting duplication.
- Copying for the purpose of teaching is not **automatically** legal.
- Technology allows easy duplication but does not necessarily make the duplication legal. In other words, just because you can does not mean you may.

## **Types of Infringement**

- innocent = an educator has made every effort to comply with copyright law by following guidelines but unknowingly overlooked something.
- **standard** = an educator makes no effort to become informed about or comply with copyright law and guidelines.
- willful = an educator is aware of but chooses to disregard copyright law and guidelines.



# **Infringement Discovery**

- Some companies require sales representatives to report observed copyright infringements.
- Discovery of infringements can be as simple as a parent or school visitor noticing a violation in a school publication or at a school event and reporting the discovery.

### **Infringement Penalties**

- \$500 to \$20,000 per work infringed upon.
- Up to \$100,000 in cases of willful infringement.
- \$20,000 per violation per day in cases of computer software. Computer software violations are a felony and Missouri educators will lose their certificate if convicted of a felony.



### **Infringement Law Suit**

- The person who violates the law is the primary offender.
- Board of education, the superintendent, curriculum director, principal, etc. can be sued.
- Secondary offenders having knowledge of the infringement (contributory and / or vicarious infringers).

# Suggested Steps for Implementation of District Copyright Policy and Guidelines

- Develop a complete copyright policy to be approved by the local board of education.
- Establish district guidelines and procedures for the use of copyrighted materials.
- Organize staff development sessions to address copyright law and guidelines and the importance of compliance in the district for all staff members.
- Establish procedures and conduct training for students in the use of copyrighted materials which may be incorporated into their presentations and / or portfolios.
- Identify an administrator at both the district and building level to monitor compliance with copyright law and guidelines. The monitor should **not** be a member of the building teaching staff as this creates a 'watchdog' situation and most likely, an adversarial rather than a collaborative atmosphere.

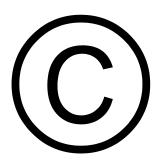
### For more information contact

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Unlimited copies may be made by schools in the state of Missouri. Brochures are available on the Internet. dese.mo.gov/divimprove/curriculum/ copyright/index.htm

# Schools and Copyright

What do
Principals
need to know
to protect
their districts from
copyright violations?



Ignoring this symbol could lead to ugly publicity, extensive litigation, and stiff financial penalties.